Slaughter House, Slaughter House yard or in the neighbourhood of the Slaughter House premises.

10. No person shall allow the contents of the entrails, refuse offal and other offensive matter to be washed or let into the sewer or drain, but they shall be removed and deposited in the receptacles provided for the purpose.

11. The owner of the animal slaughtered shall remove skins, entrails, offal and other matters from the premises of the Slaughter House within three hours after the slaughtering or dressing has been completed. If they are not removed within the time allowed, they shall become the property of the Corporation.

12. The carcasses of all animals slaughtered shall be removed to the hanging room attached to the Slaughter House and shall be kept there till 6 A.M. of the following day. This rule will not apply to the carcasses of animals slaughtered for immediate use on special occasions such as public entertainments, marriages or festivals or to those intended for despatch by night train to outside places for which special permission of the Commissioner or the Health Officer of the Corporation has been obtained.

13. The Veterinary Inspector shall stamp all carcasses before they are removed from the hanging rooms to the stalls in the Municipal Markets or licensed meat stalls in token that they are passed out of Slaughter House as fit for food. No person shall remove any carcass from the hanging room without being stamped by the Veterinary Inspector.

14. A butcher or other person who handles the carcass in the Slaughter House and in the removal of the same to the market or other place shall produce before the Commissioner a certificate from the Health Officer or any Medical Officer not below the rank of an Assistant Surgeon showing that he is free from any contagious, skin or venereal disease when he applies for the permission or license for the first time. Such a certificate shall be produced by him during the time of renewal of permission or license every year. The Health Officer or Veterinary Inspector may require any butcher or other person handling the carcass to undergo medical examination at any time during the year if he suspects that the butcher or person handling carcass is suffering from any disease.

15. Every licensee shall be responsible for any damage done to the Slaughter House either by his own act or by the act of his servants. Any such licensee refusing to pay the cost of damages shall have his license cancelled and the amount of damage shall be recoverable under Section 420 of the Municipal Corporation Act, 1949.

16. No leper or person suffering from an open sore or any loathsome, infectious or contagious disease shall enter the Slaughter House nor such persons shall be employed by a licensee to remove any carcass or meat from the Slaughter House.

17. No dog shall be permitted to enter the premises of a Slaughter House and any dog found therein may be dealt with as a stray dog and destroyed by the Corporation.

18. No person shall spit in the premises of Slaughter House except in such receptacles as are provided for such purposes.

19. Any person resorting to the Municipal Slaughter Houses for any purpose shall not at any time refuse, neglect or omit to comply with any reasonable directions of the Veterinary Inspector or any of his assistants for the maintenance of order and regularity.

20. No person shall remove carcasses and meat from a Slaughter House to any market or other place except in a suitably covered vehicle of an approved pattern and specially set apart for the purpose. Such person shall during such removal conceal the carcasses and meat from public view and completely protect them from flies and dust. Persons providing such vehicles shall at all times keep the same in a clean and sanitary condition and in good order and repair. Where such vehicles are provided by the Corporation, no person shall remove the carcass and meat except in a vehicle so provided and such carting fees as may be fixed by the Standing Committee from time to time shall be paid for the use of the vehicle.

21. Every person who shall commit any breach of any of the foregoing bye-laws shall be liable for every such breach to fine which may extend to Rs. 50 (fifty rupees) and in case of continuing breach to a fine which may extend to Rs. 15 (fifteen rupees) for every day during which the breach continues after conviction for the first breach.

K. HENJERAPPA,
Commissioner.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, PAVAGADA.

Notification No. O.C. 8—53-54, dated 15th September 1953.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public of Pavagada Town that the Town Municipal Council, Pavagada, have, in their Meeting held on 28th March 1953, resolved to bring into force in this town the following draft bye-laws and rules (framed on the basis of the model bye-laws and rules framed by the Government). The draft bye-laws and rules are kept in the Municipal Office, Pavagada, for the inspection of the public on working days during office hours. Any inhabitant of the town objecting to the adoption of the above bye-laws and rules or suggestions in respect of these bye-laws and rules may prefer his objection in writing to the President within one month from the date of this notification. Any objection or suggestion received after the due date will not be taken into consideration.

Sl. No.	Name of draft bye-law or rule.	Reference to Section of the Municipal Act.
	BYE-LAWS	
1.	Regulating the erection of buildings and the construction, maintenance of previes etc. ...	Clause (q), (r) and (u) of sub-section (i) of Section 48.
2.	Regulating the Sanitation and Conservancy ...	Section 48 (1) (n)
3.	Relating to Profession Tax	Do 48 (1) (i)
4.	For the Numbering and Registration of Vehicles...	Do 48 (1) (j)
5.	Regulating the disposal of carcasses ...	Do 48 (1) (p)
6.	For shaving and hair-dressing saloons ...	Do 48 (1) (b)
7.	Regulating the licensing and inspection of hotels, restaurants, eating houses, coffee-clubs, sweet-meat shops, bakers, boarding and lodging houses or for manufacture of ice or aerated water	Do 48 (1) (B) (4)
8.	Octroi Bye-laws	Do 48 (1) (K)
9.	Slaughter-house Bye-laws	Do 48 (1) (a) and (b) read with Sec. 151.
	MODEL RULES.	
1	Mysore Town Municipalities Octroi Rules ...	Section 46 (1) (h)
2.	Levy and recovery of lighting tax	Do 46 (1) (h)
3.	Deposit of goods or materials on the land vested with the Municipal Council	Do 46 (1) (i)
4.	Levy and collection of tax on shops ...	Do 46 (1) (h)
5.	Prescribing the fee to be charged for licenses granted for the use of any place as hotel, restaurant or aerated water etc.	Do 46 (1) (b)
6.	Grant of license for shaving saloons ...	Do 46 (1) (b)
7.	Levy of fees on bus-stands	Do 46 (1) (h)
8.	Levy and collection of tax on arts, profession ...	Do 46 (1) (h)
9.	Levy and recovery of tax on buildings and Lands.	Do 46 (1) (h)

1016 K. NANJUNDA RAO, *President.*

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, NANJANGUD.

Draft Bye-laws framed by the Town Municipal Council, Nanjangud, regarding Sanitation and Conservancy under Section 48 (1) (n) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951.

1. No person shall deposit tiles, garden sweepings, branches of trees; thatch or night soil in Municipal bins. Any person who contravenes this bye-law shall on conviction before a Magistrate be punishable with fine which may extend to five rupees.

2. No person shall dry any "bratties" or cow dung cakes on the external walls of houses or yards of compound walls and any person who contravenes this bye-law shall on conviction before a Magistrate be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

3. No person shall ease himself in an open road or conservancy or in the vicinity or outside or in any part of any public latrine other than in the trench made for the purpose. No person shall abet another person or child to cause such nuisance in an open road or conservancy. Any person who contravenes this bye-law shall be punished with a fine which may extend to Rs. 2.

Bye-laws framed by the Municipal Council, Nanjangud, regulating the disposal of carcasses in the Nanjangud Town under Section 48 (1) (p) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951.

1. In these bye-laws, "animal" means Buffalo, Bull. Bullock, Cow, Horse, Mule, Calf, Donkey, Goat, Sheep or Dog.

2. Except the places set apart by the Municipality for the purpose of disposal of carcasses of dead animals, as notified by the Municipal Council, Nanjangud, from time to time, no other place within the Municipal limits shall be used for such purpose.

3. Every person within whose premises any animal may die shall make a report of the death to the Health Inspector of the Division, and shall within six hours of its death, either remove the carcass at his own expense without cutting it up, to any one of the places set apart for the burial of dead animals by the Municipality and bury them in that place or apply to the Health Inspector for the removal and disposal of the carcass otherwise. In the case of an application to the Health Inspector, the applicant shall, along with the application, pay in advance the charges for the removal and dispoal of such carcass prescribed in the following schedule:—

SCHEDULE.

Description.	Charges. Rs. a. p.	
Buffal ...	... 1 0 0	Per carcass
Bullock or bull	... 1 0 0	do
Cow ...	... 1 0 0	do
Horse ...	... 1 0 0	do
Mule ...	... 0 12 0	do
Calf ...	... 0 8 0	do
Donkey ...	... 0 6 0	do
Goat, Sheep, Dog (each)	.. 0 4 0	do

4. Every person who becomes aware that a carcass of a dead animal is lying uncared for in any place within the limits of the Municipality other than the place set apart under bye-law No. 1, shall forthwith report the fact to the President or the Vice-President or the Health Inspector.

5. The President or Vice-President or the Health Inspector may in his discretion, require the carcass of any animal dying of any infectious disease to be burnt and every person who is the owner of such animal or in-charge thereof shall comply with such orders.

6. The skins, horns, hoofs and bones of any animal may be removed before burial, provided that such removal takes place at the place set apart for the burial and provided that the animal has not died of any infectious disease.

7. No carcass of any dead animal shall be eaten or removed or handed over to any one for the purpose of eating.

8. Whoever infringes any of the provisions of these bye-laws shall be punished with fine not exceeding rupees fifty.

Bye-laws framed by the Municipal Council, Nanjangud, for regulating the conditions on which permission may be given for the temporary structures on public streets or for projections over public streets in Nanjangud Town under Section 46 (1) (l) and Section 48 (1) (q) of the Mysore Town Municipal Act of 1951.

I. *Deposit of goods or materials temporarily under Section 48 (1) (q).*—No person shall deposit any goods or materials on any street, drains. aqueduct or other land vested in the Municipal Council without previous permission of the President or Executive Officer in writing.

2. The fee chargeable for the use of occupation of any street, drain aqueduct or other land vested in the Municipal Council for the deposit of goods or materials shall be calculated at the rate of one anna per sq. foot of the area occupied per month and shall be payable in advance.

3. If the owner of any goods or materials deposited on any street, or place open to the traffic of root passengers of vehicles fails to make suitable arrangements for guarding against danger to traffic, the President shall cause a notice to be served on him to make such arrangements within twenty-four hours after receipt of the notice and on his failure to comply with the notice, the President shall enclose a bill of costs for carrying out the work at the owner's expense. The arrangements to be made shall be clearly and definitely specified in the notice.

4. If within twenty four hours after receipt of the said notice the owner fails to make the arrangements so specified, or to show cause why such arrangements should not be made, the Health Inspector or other official authorised in writing by the President or executive officer shall forthwith make the arrangements specified in the notice and take necessary action as laid down in Sub-section (b) of Section 161. The owner shall have an opportunity within seven days after receipt of the bill to show cause to the satisfaction of the President that the arrangements made were unnecessary.

5. The following is the scale of fees for the unauthorised occupation of different kinds:—

(a) *For awnings*:—Two annas per square foot per month.

(b) *For archways across roads*:—Re. 1 per, day per arch on each road.

(c) The fees for obstruction and encroahments shall be charged at the scales mentioned above and such charges shall be recoverable in the manner prescribed in the Act for the recovery of consolidated rates.

II. 6. *Occupation of public streets for vending fruits.*—In such streets or public roads as may be specified and in such parts of the same as may be set apart by the Municipal Council, a fee of Rupee 1 per month or one anna per day shall be levied for the temporary occupation of a public street for the sale of articles of vegetables, fruits, silk or cotton goods or ware, betel leaf, head loads of fire wood etc, provided that the President or Executive Officer may allow temporarily for occupation of public streets as not to inconvenience to public and may order the levy of a fee not exceeding eight annas per sq. yard per month.

7. Any person who takes out a license for a certain area and subsequently occupies a greater area without taking out a license for the excess so occupied shall be liable to pay for such excess area an amount calculated at the rate of annas twelve per month for superficial foot of the area so occupied. This amount shall be recoverable according to the procedure laid down in section 92 of the Mysore Town Municipal Act, 1951.

III. 8. *Regarding erection of pendals or other public structures on public streets.*—No pendals or other temporary structures for marriage shall be erected in any street, land or public thorough fare, without the written permission from the President or Executive officer. On receipt of an application for permission to put up such structures, specifying the situation, size and other particulars, a license will be issued by the President or Executive officer if he sees no objection thereto, on such conditions as he may think necessary to provide to ensure public convenience and safety and on payment of the following fees:—

(i) For a pendal 6 feet broad by 12 feet long or not exceeding 72 sft.	... Re. 1	0 0
(ii) For a pendal exceeding 72 sft. and not exceeding 150 sft.	... Rs. 2	0 0
(iii) For every additional 150 sft. or portion	... Re. 0	8 0
	In addition to above rates.	

(a) No pendal shall ordinarily be allowed to stand for more than 15 days.

(b) If on the expiration of the time allowed in the license or the period granted in extension thereto on special application the person who put up the structures does not remove it, the President may issue a notice to the defaulter for its removal within such time as may be fixed by him in each case and at the end of which time, he may have it removed and the cost of such removal shall be recoverable from the defaulter as a Municipal Demand.

(c) Provided that in the case of pendals intended for purposes of charity or public utility permission may be granted free of charge, but the period of its existence shall not exceed fifteen days.

IV. 9. *Regarding projections over public streets.*—(a) No weather board, sun-shade, shop board or any other projections shall be allowed in any street which is less than fifteen feet in width.

(b) In streets which are not less than fifteen feet in width permission may be granted for putting up of weather boards sun-shades, shop boards, etc., not exceeding 2½ feet in breadth.

10. In streets which are more than 30 feet wide, the weather boards, sun-shades, shop boards etc, may be not more than three feet in width.

11. The weather boards etc., shall always be of non-inflammable material like zinc sheets or asbestos cement sheets.

12. The weather boards, sun-shades, etc., shall not be less than 8 feet high from the plinth of the building or surface of the streets.

13. The fees for weather boards, etc., for every half year payable in advance shall be as follows.—

(a) Rupee one for every weather board, etc., not exceeding 2½ feet in width and 10 feet in length or fraction hereof.

(b) Rs. 2 for every weather board, etc., not exceeding 3 feet in width and 10 feet in length or fraction thereof.

14. The weather boards, sun-shades etc, shall not be less than 8 feet high from the plinth of the building or surface of the streets.

15. Any breach of the above bye-laws will on conviction before a Magistrate, be punishable with a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

N. K. MARIKEMPIAH, *President.*

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, PERIYAPATNA.

Notificatson dated 15th September 1953.

No. 136-53-54. It is hereby notified for the information of the inhabitants of Periyapatna Town that the Town Municipal Council Periyapatna have resolved at their meeting held on 30th August 1953 to revise the Licence fee for licences granted for the use of any place as a hotel, restaurant, etc., modifying the rates and procedure as proposed in Notification No. 121 dated 4th February 1953, as noted below so that it may be in conformity with the rates and procedure laid down in the Model Rules framed by Government in this behalf and to amend the Bye-laws already proposed.

Any inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the proposed amendment send his objection in writing to the President, Town Municipal Council, Periyapatna, within one month from the date of notification. Objections or suggestions received after the due date will not be considered.

Proposed	*To be amended*
Hotel, boarding houses, etc., the fee payable per year shall be Rs. 25 for class I Rs. 20 For Class II and Rs. 15 for Class III. The classification of Hotels and Restaurants' Fee shall be determined by the President.	Hotel, boarding house, or lodging house eating house, tea or coffee house. The fee payable per year shall be equal to the Municipal assessment of the premises or portion of the premises wherein the business is carried on subject to maximum of Rs. 100 per annum.

992 P. M. MALLIKARJUNIAH, *President.*

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, KONANUR, ARKALGUD TALUK.

Notification dated 1st September 1953.

No. Al. M. L. C. 7—52-53. Under Section 48 (3) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951, it is hereby notified for the information of the public of Konanur Town that the Municipal Council have resolved at their meeting held on 31st August 1953 to introduce the undermentioned Bye-laws and Rules drafted by the Municipal Council on the basis of the Model Bye-laws and Rules framed by Government in this behalf, with certain addition and alterations as necessary under section noted against the Bye-law :—

Draft copies of the Bye-laws and Rules are put up on the office Notice Board and they can be seen during office hours.

Any inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the proposed Bye-laws and Rules, may within one month from the date of this notification send his objections or suggestions in writing to the President, Town Municipal Council, Konanur, Objections or suggestions received after the due date will not be considered.

1. Bye-laws and Rules for the levy and recovery of a Water rate and Water Supply Rules for the control, supply and distribution of water in Konanur Town, as per Section 61 (b) (ix) of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951.

K. VENKATARAMAIAH,
993 *President.*

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MIRLE.

Notification dated 16th September 1953.

No. Mc. 22—53-54 In accordance with Section 62 of the Mysore Town Municipalities Act, 1951, it is hereby notified for the information of public that the Municipal Council at their monthly ordinary meeting held on 31st August 1953 have resolved to levy afresh an *Octroi* on the undermentioned articles at the rates noted against each item as per provisions of Section 61 (iv) of the said Act.

Any person objecting thereto may within one month from the date of this notification prefer his objection in writing to the Municipal Office. Objections received after the prescribed time will not be considered:—

No.	Kind of Articles	Rs.	a.	p.	Rate proposed by the Council.
1.	Arecanut ...	0	2	0	per bag of five maunds.
2.	Diesel oil ...	0	2	0	per tin of four gallons.
3.	Cement ...	0	0	6	per maund
4.	Alloys in any shape ...	1	9	0	per cent *ad valorem*
5.	Gunny bag ...	0	0	1	per bag
6.	Cuddapah slabs ...	1	9	0	per cent *ad valorem*
7.	Rubber Goods ...	2	0	0	,,
8.	Coffee and Tea ...	1	9	0	,,
9.	Wheat and wheat flour Maida flour and other wheat products ...	0	4	0	per bag of 106 lbs or fraction thereof.
10.	Cotton seeds	0	1	0	per bag of 100 seers,
11.	Match boxes	0	1	0	per gross or fraction there
12.	Manufactured wooden materials (intended for sale) ...	2	0	0	per cent *ad valorem*
13.	Musical Goods ...	2	0	0	per cent *ad valorem*
14.	Soaps of all kinds including soap flaks shavings sticks, shaving cream, liquid soap and the like. ...	2	0	0	,,
15.	Playing Cards ...	2	0	0	,,
16.	Biscuits of all varieties and kinds. ...	2	0	0	,,

M. S. KOTE GOWDA,
991 *President.*

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